Concerts at the Point
25TH SEASON 2021-2022

presents ...

ATTACCA QUARTET

December 5, 2021, 3:00 pm
UNITED CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
1 COMMONS, LITTLE COMPTON, RI
The images on the front and back covers are two unnamed acrylic paintings on paper by Tiverton artist Kathrine Lovell. There have been artists and entrepreneurs in Ms. Lovell’s family for centuries. She continues this tradition and has pursued various paths of creativity that lead to making a living as an artist. After graduating from RISD in painting, she began teaching and developed new programs and expanded existing curriculum for her students to encourage creative thinking, problem solving and collaboration, for both adults and children. Ms. Lovell applies her keen eye and experience working in collage/assemblage where she honed her skills in composition and editing, including fabrication of backdrops, hard scenery, prop elements and other scenic decorative painting for theaters, private commissions for businesses, and paintings for commercial reproduction.

Ms. Lovell explained that these paintings were among the tall stack of small images on paper that she produced while leading an exercise in small scale nonrepresentational work for her students. She found herself engaged by the mix of freedom and constraints such work requires. www.klovell.com

The paintings on the front and back covers were used for Attacca’s first C@P concert, when we could not choose between them since they both had something interesting to say about the mix of freedom and restraint faced by all composers. For today’s program, we are using them again, but placing them in reversed order. Like all good art, when you look at them again, in changed circumstances, you find more to think about and appreciate. But what is changing is you.
Concerts at the Point

Sunday, December 5, 2021

ATTACCA QUARTET
Amy Schroeder, violin
Domenic Salerni, violin
Nathan Schram, viola
Andrew Yee, cello

STRING QUARTET NO. 3 — Mishima
PHILIP GLASS
I. 1957-Award Montage
II. November 25-Ichigaya
III. 1934-Grandmother and Kimitake
IV. 1962-Body Building
V. Blood Oath
VI. Mishima/Closing

STRING QUARTET NO. 8 IN C MINOR, OP. 110
DMITRI SHOSTAKOVICH
I. Largo
II. Allegro molto
III. Allegretto
IV. Largo
V. Largo

INTERMISSION . . .

STRING QUARTET IN F MAJOR, OP. 77, NO. 2 (1799)
JOSEPH HAYDN
I. Allegro moderato (F major)
II. Menuetto: Presto, (F major) — Trio (Db major)
III. Andante (D major)
IV. Finale: Vivace assai (F major)

The Attacca Quartet concert is underwritten in part by a grant from the Westport Cultural Council, from resources made available by the Helen E. Ellis Charitable Trust.
Grammy award-winning Attacca Quartet, as described by The Nation, “lives in the present aesthetically, without rejecting the virtues of the musical past,” and it is this dexterity to glide from the music of the 18th through to the 21st century repertoire that places them as one of the most versatile and outstanding ensembles of the moment – a quartet for modern times.

Passionate advocates of contemporary repertoire, the Attacca Quartet is dedicated to presenting and recording new works. Their recording project, Orange, for which they received the 2020 Grammy Award for Best Chamber Music/Small Ensemble Performance, features string quartet works by Pulitzer Prize-winning composer Caroline Shaw. Greatly praised by the critics, it has also been featured in NPR’s List of ‘25 Best Albums of 2019’ and ‘10 Classical Albums to Usher in the Next Decade’ and in The New York Times’ list of the ‘25 Best Classical Music Tracks of 2019’ for Valencia. It was also shortlisted for the 2020 BBC Music Magazine Awards and several Opus Klassik Awards.

Previous recordings include three critically acclaimed albums with Azica Records, including a disc of Michael Ippolito’s string quartets, and the complete works for string quartet by John Adams. The latter was praised by Steve Smith of The New York Times as a “vivacious, compelling set.” Smith described the Attacca Quartet’s playing as
“exuberant, funky, and … exactly nuanced.” The album was the recipient of the 2013 National Federation of Music Clubs Centennial Chamber Music Award. Additional awards for their recordings include both the Arthur Foote Award from the Harvard Musical Association and Lotos Prize in the Arts from the Stecher and Horowitz Foundation.

Other accolades include First Prize at the 7th Osaka International Chamber Music Competition, the Top Prize and Listeners’ Choice award winners for the Melbourne International Chamber Music Competition, and Grand Prize Winners of the 60th annual Coleman Chamber Ensemble Competition.

**AMY SCHROEDER, VIOLIN**

New York based violinist and pedagogue Amy Schroeder is a founding member of the GRAMMY award-winning Attacca Quartet and has been hailed by the *Washington Post* as ‘an impressive artist whose playing combines imagination and virtuosity.’

Amy is proud to serve as a music faculty member at Vassar College. In 2002 she was the recipient of the Henrietta and Albert J. Ziegle Jr. Scholarship, which provided the tuition for her studies at Juilliard, where she was a student of Sally Thomas and the Juilliard String Quartet. Growing up in Buffalo, NY, she began her violin studies with Karen Campbell and Thomas Halpin. She currently plays on two different violins, a Fernando Gagliano made in 1771 on loan to her from the Five Partners Foundation, and a violin made by Nathan Slobodkin in 2012.
DOMENIC SALERNI, VIOLIN
Violinist Domenic Salerni is active as a chamber musician, composer and arranger, and freelance musician. He holds degrees from the Cleveland Institute of Music, where he graduated with academic honors, and the Yale University School of Music, where he was the recipient of the Yale Chamber Music Society Award. Domenic started violin at the age of three in the Suzuki Method with Linda Fiore. Other teachers include Linda Cerone, Naoko Tanaka, Diane Monroe, Lee Snyder, Geoffrey Michaels, and William Preucil. He can be found on the Delos, Naxos, Artek, Canary, Innova, and DoMilo labels.

NATHAN SCHRAM, VIOLA
Hailed by the New York Times as an “elegant soloist” with a sound “devotional with its liquid intensity,” Nathan is a composer, entrepreneur, and violist of the Attacca Quartet. Nathan has collaborated with many of the great artists of today including Björk, Itzhak Perlman, Sting, David Crosby, Becca Stevens, David Byrne, Trey Anastasio, Joshua Bell, Simon Rattle, and others. He has premiered music by Steve Reich, Nico Muhly, Timo Andres, Elliot Cole and Gabriel Kahane. Nathan is also a violist in the Affiliate Ensemble of Carnegie Hall, Decoda and an Honorary Ambassador to the city of Chuncheon, South Korea.
ANDREW YEE, CELLO

Cellist Andrew Yee has been praised by Michael Kennedy of the London Telegraph as “spellbindingly virtuosic.” Trained at the Juilliard School, they are a founding member of the internationally acclaimed Attacca Quartet, which has released several albums to critical acclaim including Andrew’s arrangement of Haydn’s “Seven Last Words” which Thewholenote.com praised as “...easily the most satisfying string version of the work that I’ve heard.” Attacca was the quartet-in-residence at the Met Museum in 2014, and has won the Osaka and Coleman international string quartet competitions. Their newest recording of the string quartets of Caroline Shaw won a GRAMMY for best Chamber Music/Small Ensemble performance.

As a soloist last season, Andrew performed John Taverner’s “The Protecting Veil” and “Don Quixote” (Strauss). They like making stop-motion videos of food, drawing apples, cooking like an Italian Grandma, and developing coffee and cocktail programs for award-winning restaurants (Lilia, Risbobk, Atla) in New York City.

They play on an 1884 Eugenio Degani cello on loan from the Five Partners Foundation.
PHILIP GLASS (b. 1937)

STRING QUARTET NO. 3 — Mishima
I. 1957-Award Montage
II. November 25-Ichigaya
III. 1934-Grandmother and Kimitake
IV. 1962-Body Building
V. Blood Oath
VI. Mishima/Closing

Through his operas, his symphonies, his compositions for his own ensemble, and his wide-ranging collaborations with artists ranging from Twyla Tharp to Yo-Yo Ma, Robert Wilson to David Bowie, Philip Glass has had an extraordinary and unprecedented impact upon the musical and intellectual life of his times. Glass is the first composer to win a wide, multi-generational audience in the opera house, the concert hall, the dance world, in film and in popular music – simultaneously.

Glass was born in 1937 and grew up in Baltimore. He studied at the University of Chicago, the Juilliard School and in Aspen with Darius Milhaud. Finding himself dissatisfied with much of what then passed for modern music, he moved to Europe, where he studied with the legendary teacher Nadia Boulanger and worked closely with the sitar virtuoso and composer Ravi Shankar. He returned to New York in 1967 and formed the Philip Glass Ensemble – seven musicians playing keyboards and a variety of woodwinds, amplified, and fed through a mixer.

The new musical style that Glass was evolving was eventually dubbed “minimalism.” Glass himself never liked the term and preferred to speak of himself as a composer of “music with repetitive structures.” Much of his early work was based on the extended reiteration of brief, elegant melodic fragments that wove in and out of an aural tapestry.

There has been nothing “minimalist” about his output. In the past 25 years, Glass has composed more than twenty-five operas – among them “Einstein on the Beach,” “Satyagraha,” and “Akhnaten.” He has
written twelve symphonies, thirteen concertos, nine string quartets, and soundtracks to films ranging from classics of Jean Cocteau to Academy Award-winning motion pictures such as Martin Scorsese’s “Kundun,” as well as a growing body of work for solo piano and organ. Now engaged in his 85th birthday concert season, Glass presents lectures, workshops, and solo keyboard performances around the world, and continues to appear regularly with the Philip Glass Ensemble.

The Glass String Quartets as a whole exhibit the intense introspection that this genre, perhaps above all others, inspires. His string quartets happily flaunt their influences, which range from Bach to Shostakovich, but range well beyond the musical sphere, delving deeply into every major art form.

Written in 1985, the String Quartet No. 3 “Mishima” originally appeared as parts of the film score for “Mishima: A Life in Four Chapters” by film maker Paul Schrader. The film follows a complex narrative structure that divides the life of author, playwright, and self-styled Samurai Yukio Mishima into three parts - his childhood, his mature years, and the last day of his life. These subjects are intercut with scenes from his novels to produce a shifting kaleidoscopic vision of Mishima’s life. The flashbacks from his childhood were filmed in black and white and scored for string quartet. As such, the score often has a wistful, sometimes joyful, carefree feel. Glass was aware from the outset that the string quartet sections might work well when excerpted from the film score as a stand-alone concert piece. String Quartet No. 3 is therefore the only one of his quartets that is explicitly programmatic.

Sources:
Philip Glass’s Website https://philipglass.com/biography/ Accessed November 11, 2021
Dmitri Shostakovich was one of the most prolific composers of the 20th century. His fifteen symphonies and fifteen string quartets are some of the most important in their genres. He also wrote brilliant concertos, chamber music, film scores, ballets, and operas.

This string quartet is one of classical music’s greatest — and darkest — works of art. The inscription on the score reads “In Memory of the Victims of Fascism and War.” Some even view it as Shostakovich’s requiem for himself. It was written during a deeply troubling time for the composer, when he had finally, and reluctantly, come around to joining the Communist Party. The work packs an incredible range and degree of emotion into its five movements, which are played without pause.

The first movement begins broodingly with a four-note theme known as the “DSCH” motto. This cryptogram of the composer’s name —
Dmitri Shostakovich, represented by the pitches D-E flat-C-B natural — unifies all of the movements and makes up much of the thematic material in the string quartet. It is a short theme that Shostakovich uses in many of his works, and in fact, there are many quotes in this piece from his other works, too.

After the slow, brooding first movement, the second movement can catch you by surprise with its violent cacophony and demonic shrieking. This brief, but unforgettable section challenges the virtuosity of all four instrumentalists as well. A waltz follows, though unlike the pleasant, swaying waltzes of the Strauss family, this dance has a surreal feeling with elements of the grotesque, as if it were going mad. As it fades away, the fourth movement creeps in like an ominous fog. It slowly grows and appears to transfigure itself, as the DSCH motif appears for the final movement. The motif is turned into a cringing fugue, which eventually dies away — like the victims to whom Shostakovich dedicated the piece.

Shostakovich’s String Quartet No. 8 is an incredibly touching artistic statement. Some listeners may find it disturbing. The piece demands devilishly difficult technique of the performers, and in doing so adds fuel to the emotional fire. The second movement sounds like the horrors of war, while the third movement is like the maddening after-effects of what war does to a society; notice the over-the-top swooping in the violins, as well as the ear-wrenching pizzicatos. The fourth and fifth movements move on to the graveyard, departing with a depressive, ghostly farewell.

Sources:
parlancechamberconcerts.org
McCalmont’s List 6
en.wikipedia.org
JOSEPH HAYDN (1732-1809)

STRING QUARTET IN F MAJOR, OP. 77, NO. 2 (1799)
I. Allegro moderato (F major)
II. Menuetto: Presto, (F major) —Trio (Db major)
III. Andante (D major)
IV. Finale: Vivace assai (F major)

Haydn lived during the period of the eighteenth century that saw the development of instrumental music from the age of Bach and Handel to the era of the classical sonata. The string quartet itself, which came to represent classical music in its purest form, grew from a genre that was relatively insignificant, at least in its nomenclature, “Divertimento,” into music of greater weight, substance and complexity. Like any great master, Haydn knew well how to conceal the technical means by which he achieved his ends. The exact number of string quartets that Haydn wrote is not known, although he listed some eighty-three. The earlier of these, often under the title
“Divertimento,” proclaim their origin and purpose. The last quartet, Opus 103, started in 1803, remained unfinished.

The two Op. 77 String Quartets are Haydn’s last works in this form. Haydn was in his late 60s, and in poor health, and was crafting his great oratorio, The Seasons, which might explain why the set only contains two, instead of the usual six. The pieces were published by Artaria in Vienna in September 1802.

The Quartet in F major, Op. 77, No. 2, is the last quartet that Haydn completed, and is a perfectly executed work, filled with the vigor of a younger composer, but with the craft of an experienced and confident composer.

The theme of the first movement is graceful and simple, as Haydn unhurriedly develops his ideas thoroughly and masterfully. The inner movements reverse their usual order, with the Minuet as the second movement. Here Haydn plays jokes with rhythm with a peasant dance theme, and keeps us guessing about the meter, including a few “wrong beat” entrances. The third movement, Andante, begins with a stately duet between the first violin and the cello. Each instrument takes a turn with this theme as the material surrounding it becomes more complicated. The last movement, Vivace, borrows its spirit from the folk dance known as the polonaise.

The quartet is often identified by a nickname, “Wait Till the Clouds Roll By,” which was the name of a popular song of the late 1800s. Since Haydn wrote over 80 string quartets, people often identified the quartets by nicknames that were not chosen by the composer.

Sources: calperformances.org; naxos.com
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UPCOMING CONCERTS

Fred Moyer Jazz Trio
February 20, 2022

Muir String Quartet
April 3, 2022

Neave Piano Trio
May 15, 2022

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